

Exam Requirements: Your GCSE in Design Technology is structured, and examined, in the following way:

NEA	External Exam
Non-examined assessment	Written examination: 1 hour and 45 minutes
50% of the qualification	50% of the qualification
100 marks	100 marks
Content overview	Assessment overview
There are four parts to the assessment:	Section A: Core
1 – Investigate	This section is 40 marks and contains a mixture of different question styles, including
This includes investigation of needs and research, and a product specification	open-response, graphical, calculation and extended-open-response questions. There
2 – Design	will
This includes producing different design ideas, review of initial ideas, development of	be 10 marks of calculation questions in Section A.
design ideas into a chosen design, communication of design ideas and review of the	
chosen design	Section B: Material categories – Timbers
3 – Make	This section is 60 marks and contains a mixture of different question styles, including
This includes manufacture, and quality and accuracy	open-response, graphical, calculation and extended-open-response questions. There
4 – Evaluate	will
This includes testing and evaluation.	be 5 marks of calculation questions in Section B
Assessment overview	
• Students will undertake a project based on a contextual challenge released by us a year	
before certification.	
 This will be released on 1st June and will be available on our website. 	
• The project will test students' skills in investigating, designing, making and evaluating a	
prototype of a product.	
 Task will be internally assessed and externally moderated. 	
 The marks are awarded for each part as follows. 	
1 – Investigate (16 marks)	
2 – Design (42 marks)	
3 – Make (36 marks)	
4 – Evaluate (6 marks)	

Overview of the Year:

Each week will consist of 20-30 minutes of theory, with the remaining time spent on the NEA. Each week there will be a homework attached to the theory, which will be marked and assessed in the following weeks lesson. At the end of every 3-4 topics, there will be an assessment to track the students' progress and understanding.

Week Beginning	The focus of your learning or revision this week:	Key assessment pieces or specific homework tasks
10/00/22	NEA – Initial ideas	(including deadlines of any coursework/NEAs)
18/09/23		
25/00/22	Test on Topics 1.1-1.3	
25/09/23	NEA – Initial ideas	
	Topic 1.4	
02/10/23	NEA – Development of initial ideas	
	Topic 1.5	
09/10/23	NEA – Development of initial ideas	Completion of Initial Ideas
	Topic 1.6	
16/10/23	NEA – Final Design	
	Test on Topics 1.4-1.6	
	Half Term	
30/10/23	NEA – Final Design	Completion of Final Design
	Topic 1.7	
06/11/23	NEA – Manufacturing	
	Topic 1.8	
13/11/23	NEA – Manufacturing	
	Topic 1.9	
20/11/23	NEA – Manufacturing	
	Test on Topics 1.7-1.9	
27/11/23	NEA – Manufacturing	
	Topic 1.10	
04/12/23	NEA – Manufacturing	
	Topic 1.11	
11/12/23	Assessment Week (Dne
18/12/23	NEA – Manufacturing	
	Topic 1.12	
	Christmas Break	
08/01/24	NEA – Manufacturing	
	Topic 1.13	
15/01/24	NEA – Manufacturing	
13/01/24	Topic 1.14	
22/01/24	NEA – Manufacturing	Completion of Manufacturing
	Topic 1.15	
29/01/24	NEA – Testing and Evaluation	
	Test on Topics 1.12-1.15	
05/02/24	NEA – Product Life Cycle Analysis	Completion of all NEA work – Final submission!

	Topic 1.17			
Half Term				
19/02/24	Assessment Week Two			
26/02/24	Topics 1.17 and 7.1 (As in the specification)			
04/03/24	Topics 7.2 and 7.3 (As in the specification)			
11/03/24	Topics 7.4 and 7.5 (As in the specification)			
18/03/24	Topic 7.6 (As in the specification)			
25/03/24	Topic 7.7 and 7.8 (As in the specification)			
	Easter Break			
15/04/24	Revisit prior learning – Focusing on Topics 1.1-1.4			
22/04/24	Revisit prior learning – Focusing on Topics 1.5-1.8			
29/04/24	Revisit prior learning – Focusing on Topics 1.9-1.13			
07/05/24	Revisit prior learning – Focusing on Topics 1.14-1.17			
13/05/24	GCSE Exams Start			

Exam Practice:	Revision Materials:
G:\Technology\Resistant Materials\GCSE revision	G:\Technology\Resistant Materials\Sample revision guide for Edexcel.pdf Edexcel GCSE (9-1) Design and Technology Student Book (Edexcel GCSE Design and
Edexcel Design and Technology (9-1) from 2017 Pearson qualifications	Technology (9-1)) : Wellington, Mark, Dennis, Andrew, Colley, Trish, Weston, Tim, Dhami, Jenny: Amazon.co.uk: Books
Topics	GCSE Design and Technology - Edexcel - BBC Bitesize
 New and emerging technologies Energy generation and storage 	<u>Seneca - Learn 2x Faster (senecalearning.com)</u> – Edexcel – Design and Technology
 Developments in modern materials Electronic systems Mechanical devices 	G:\Technology\Core Knowledge
 Material categories and properties Design contexts 	GCSE Revision guide, available on the school network; G:\Technology\New D&T Digital Textbook and NEA delivery guide\DT Textbook Edexcel
 Environmental, social and economic challenges Investigating past work 	
Design strategiesCommunication of ideas	

Glossaries:	Advice and Guidance for Revision
Glossaries: G:\Technology\Core Knowledge In the above area, each topic has its own PDF/PowerPoint. At the beginning of every PDF/PowerPoint are all the key words for that topic.	Section 1 When naming the property, link the usage of the product to the material. E.g. if the picture is of a raincoat and it asks for the property, you would say waterproof. You wouldn't say electrical insulator, which is true but not relevant. 2-mark questions and 4-mark questions Ensure you write a point then an explanation of your point. For a 4 marker, write 2 points and 2 explanations. E.g. oak is used for staircases (1 mark), because it is durable and when people walk on the stairs it won't wear away quickly (1 mark). Evaluation questions These are usually 8 marks, and ask for advantages and disadvantages. Plan out somewhere on the page, your 8 points first. Then start to construct your answer. Don't just start writing, plan your answer carefully. Maths questions Ensure you use their formulas at the front of the book, and if they state pie is 3.14, use that and don't press pie on your calculator. If maths is not your forte, still have a go but spend time better elsewhere. Never say strong or cheap, always use a proper property Design question Don't get hung up on your drawing, it's the idea that counts. Ensure you add as
	many labels of materials and processes as you can. Remember to use all of the information given to you in the question, especially measurements.